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# Clinical Risk & Safety Overview

Ogden Surgical – Medical Society  
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# Supporting Teams in Clinical Excellence

Executive Leaders



VP Chief Quality and Safety Officer  
AVP Clinical Excellence Operations

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System Led • Locally Deployed • Caring and Learning Together

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Clinical Risk  
& Safety



Patient  
Experience



Quality



Infection  
Prevention



Clinical  
Relations



Regulatory  
Affairs



Clinical Data  
Management



Physician  
Advisory/  
CDI



Strategic  
Project  
Management



Clinical  
Policies

# Why

Trust &  
Psychological Safety



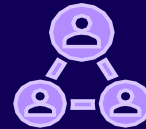
Simplify



System Learning



Efficiency



# Harm Levels

|                  |   |
|------------------|---|
| <b>LOW HARM</b>  | <b>A - No Event/No Near Miss</b>  |
|                  | <b>B - Did not reach an individual or there was no damage as a result of the event;<br/>Near miss</b> |
|                  | <b>C - Reached an individual, no harm</b>   |
|                  | <b>D - Reached an individual, required monitoring or intervention</b>                                 |
|                  | <b>E - Temporary harm requiring non-life saving intervention</b>                                      |
| <b>HIGH HARM</b> | <b>F - Temporary harm requiring higher level of care or prolonged hospitalization</b>                 |
|                  | <b>G - Permanent harm without life sustaining care</b>  |
|                  | <b>H - Life sustaining intervention required</b>  |
|                  | <b>I – Individual death</b>   |



**High Harm  
Event**

Triaged and  
managed by the  
Clinical Risk &  
Safety team

# Event Management

## High Harm Event

*Not a Grievance*

Triaged and managed by the Clinical Risk & Safety team

## High Harm Event

*Grievance*

Triaged by Clinical Relations

Co-managed by Clinical Relations & Clinical Risk & Safety team

## Low Harm Event

*Not a Grievance*

Triaged by the Clinical Risk & Safety

Managed by the department manager

## Low Harm Event

*Grievance*

Triaged and managed by the Clinical Relations team

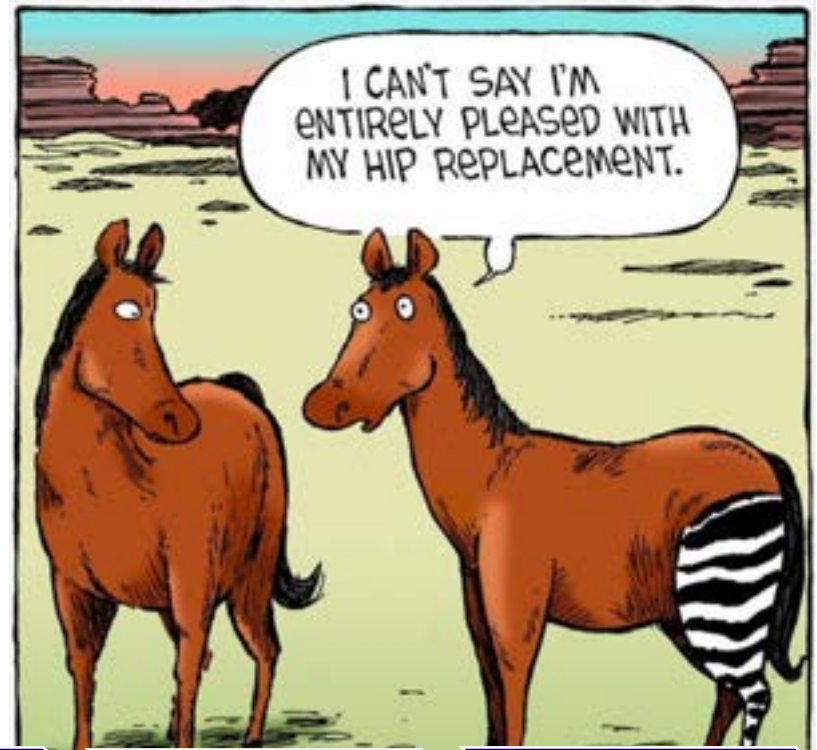
## Litigation Event

Received by legal risk team

Co-managed by legal & Clinical Risk & Safety team

Pharmacy Involved with all medication events

# Lifecycle of a Safety Event



Reporting

Rapid  
Assessment

Analysis and  
Classification

Action  
Planning

Closing the  
Loop



# Life of a Safety Event



You cannot fix what you do  
not know is broken...

## Reporting

- Sentinel/reportable events to REI
- Non-reportable high-harm events are sent for care review
- All grievances events are sent for care review

- Event reported into event system
- Routed to appropriate team for follow up

## Event Reported

## Rapid Assessment



Rapid  
Assessment



# Rapid Event Investigation

(REI)



- Reportable/sentinel events
- Caring & learning response
- Safety Pause & Debrief
- Safety Event Notification team
- REI meeting

# Harm Event Assessment & Learning

HEAL



Analysis &  
Classification

- High harm or serious precursor events not meeting reportable criteria
- Multidisciplinary service line teams
- Action planning in real-time or cause analysis team identified
- Classify preventable harm

# Cause Analysis



Analysis &  
Classification

- Facilitated by Clinical Risk Safety Team
- Lead by Executive Sponsor(s)
- Identify and prioritize all causes

- Accountability dependent on event type
- Both remedial and strong actions are needed

# Corrective Action Planning

High-harm/Sentinel event action plans:

- Local & system implementation
- Strength, implementation, & sustainability measured and documented
- Critical for regulatory readiness



Action  
Planning



# Share Learning

- With involved caregivers
- With affected patients
- System Lessons Learned



Closing the  
Loop

## Rapid Event Investigation (REI)

A multidisciplinary process initiated  
immediately after a sentinel event  
centered in **CARING** for involved  
caregivers and creating space for  
systematic **LEARNING**







## Key Outcomes

- Ensure the care team is safe to continue caring for patients.
- Early support & communication with the patient/family.
- Support for involved caregivers including EAP & Peer Support.
- Identify learning opportunities & coordinate next steps including:
  - ✓ immediate mitigation needs
  - ✓ regulatory readiness
  - ✓ cause analysis coordination
  - ✓ executive sponsor identification

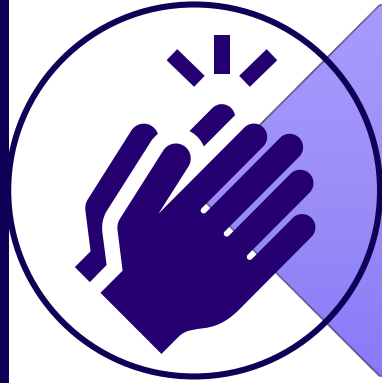
# ***Safety Pause***

## **Caring and Learning Together**

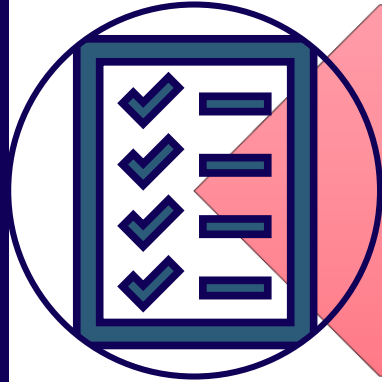


The Safety Pause is an effective way for teams to respond when things don't go the way we intended. A pause can be helpful after any difficult event, for example after the passing of a patient, a caregiver injury, a medication error, or an emotional encounter with an upset family member.

# ASKS



Empower & partner with local leaders to act on medication events



Document your event review timely in the event management system

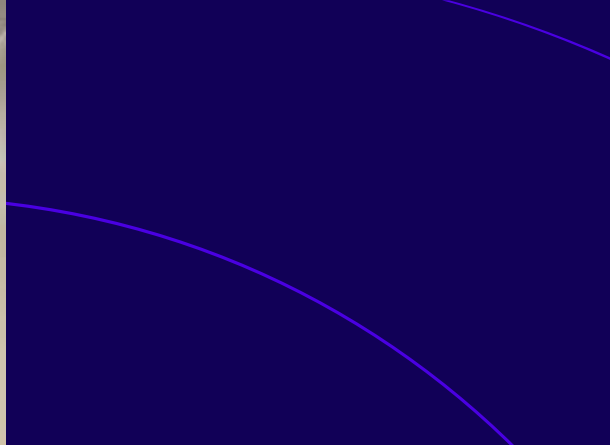
# Model Safety Language

“ I have a concern...”

“ Let’s escalate  
this to our leader ”

“ Is everyone  
comfortable  
proceeding? ”

“ Let me ask a  
clarifying question...”

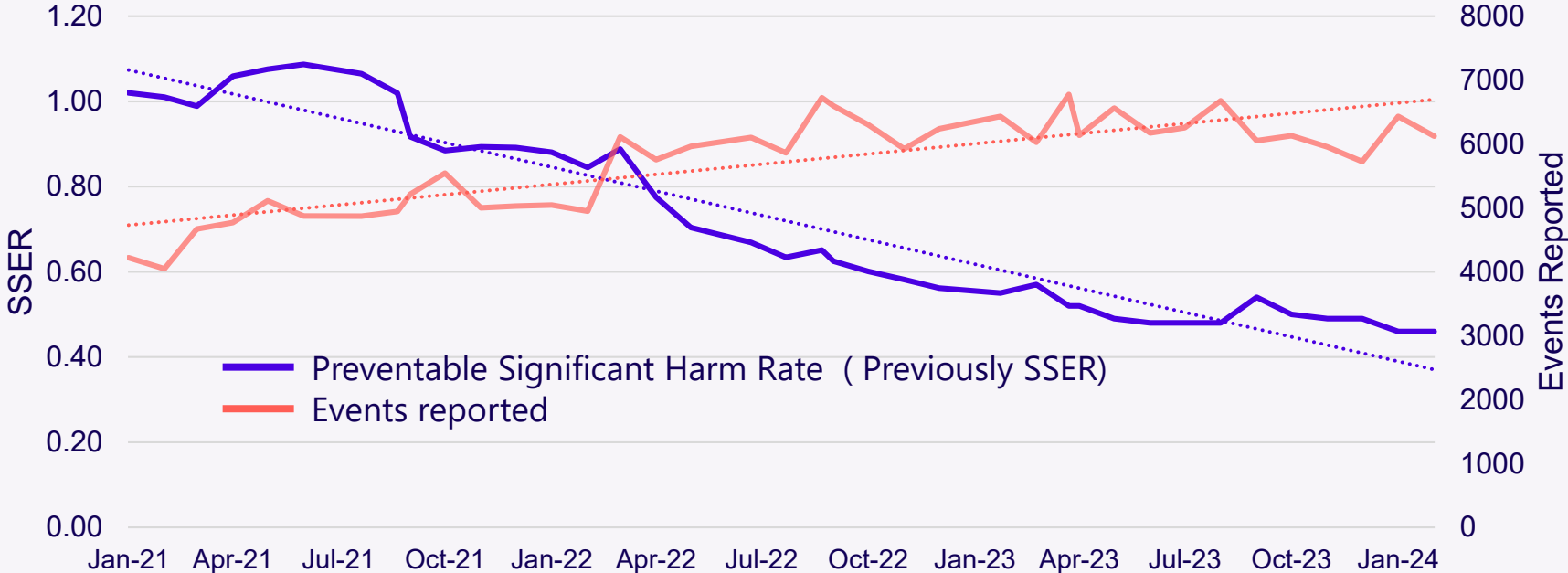


# Good Catch Process



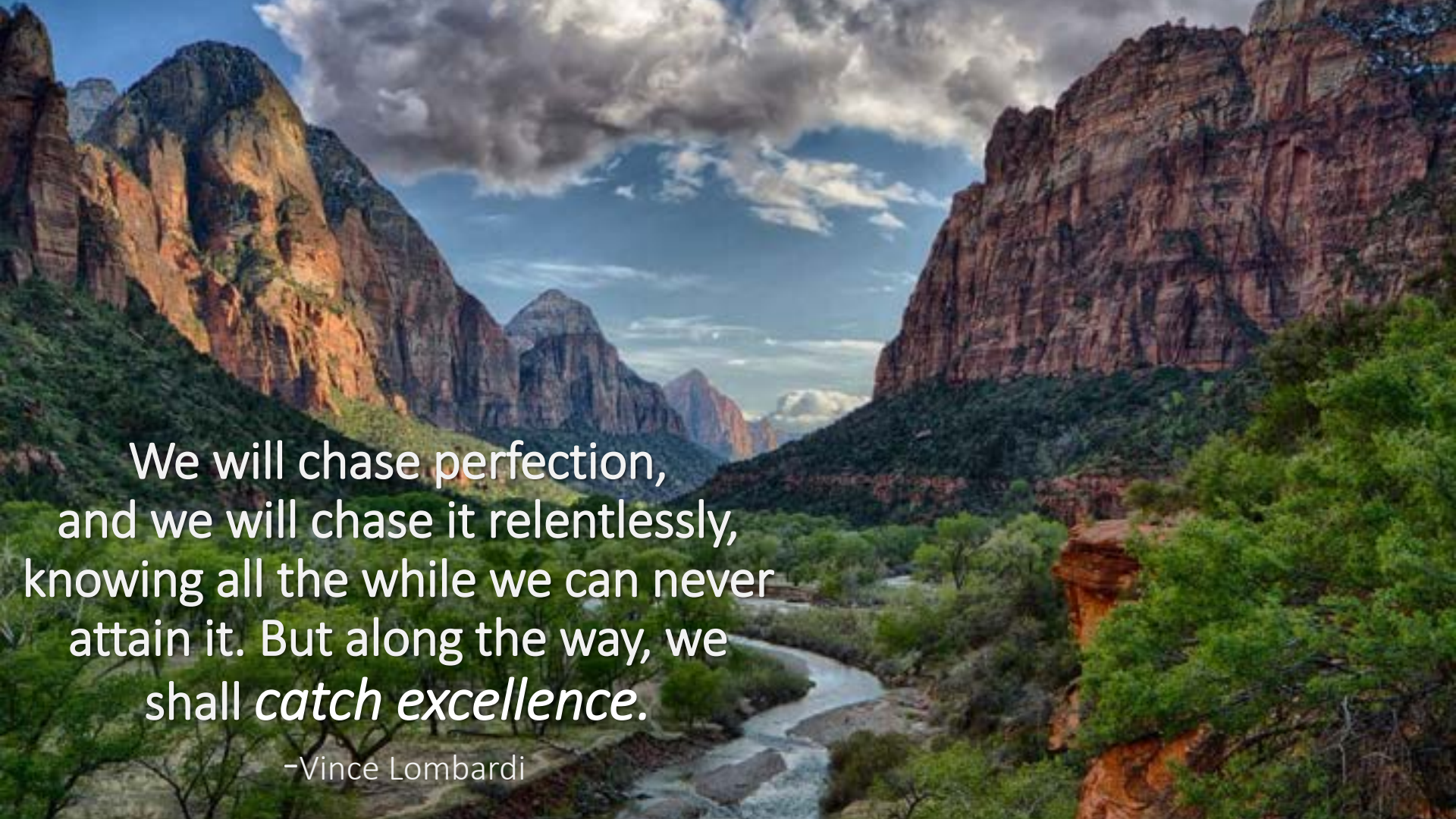
# Patient Safety: Safety Event and Reporting Trend

Canyons, Desert Regions



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We will chase perfection,  
and we will chase it relentlessly,  
knowing all the while we can never  
attain it. But along the way, we  
shall *catch excellence*.

-Vince Lombardi