

Financial Disclosure

This presentation has no ineligible company content, promotes no ineligible company, and is not supported financially by any ineligible company. I receive no financial remuneration from any ineligible company related to this presentation.





Clinical Risk & Safety Overview

Ogden Surgical – Medical Society
CME Conference 2024

Max Kirschman, MHA

Supporting Teams in Clinical Excellence

Executive Leaders



VP Chief Quality and Safety Officer
AVP Clinical Excellence Operations

System Led • Locally Deployed • Caring and Learning Together



Clinical Risk
& Safety



Patient
Experience



Quality



Infection
Prevention



Clinical
Relations



Regulatory
Affairs



Clinical Data
Management



Physician
Advisory/
CDI



Strategic
Project
Management



Clinical
Policies

Why

Trust &
Psychological Safety



Simplify



System Learning



Efficiency



Harm Levels

LOW HARM	A - No Event/No Near Miss
	B - Did not reach an individual or there was no damage as a result of the event; Near miss
	C - Reached an individual, no harm
	D - Reached an individual, required monitoring or intervention
	E - Temporary harm requiring non-life saving intervention
HIGH HARM	F - Temporary harm requiring higher level of care or prolonged hospitalization
	G - Permanent harm without life sustaining care
	H - Life sustaining intervention required
	I – Individual death

An aerial photograph of a braided river system, likely a glacial outwash plain, with multiple channels of greyish water and sand bars. The river flows from the top center towards the bottom right, where it meets a blue body of water. The surrounding landscape is a mix of green vegetation and greyish-brown sediment.

High Harm Event

Triaged and
managed by the
Clinical Risk &
Safety team

Event Management

High Harm Event

Not a Grievance

Triaged and managed by the Clinical Risk & Safety team

High Harm Event

Grievance

Triaged by Clinical Relations
Co-managed by Clinical Relations & Clinical Risk & Safety team

Low Harm Event

Not a Grievance

Triaged by the Clinical Risk & Safety
Managed by the department manager

Low Harm Event

Grievance

Triaged and managed by the Clinical Relations team

Litigation Event

Received by legal risk team
Co-managed by legal & Clinical Risk & Safety team

Pharmacy Involved with all medication events

Lifecycle of a Safety Event



Life of a Safety Event



You cannot fix what you do
not know is broken...



Reporting

- Sentinel/reportable events to REI
- Non-reportable high-harm events are sent for care review
- All grievances events are sent for care review

- Event reported into event system
- Routed to appropriate team for follow up



Event Reported



Rapid Assessment



Rapid
Assessment



Rapid Event Investigation

(REI)



- Reportable/sentinel events
- Caring & learning response
- Safety Pause & Debrief
- Safety Event Notification team
- REI meeting

Harm Event Assessment & Learning

HEAL



Analysis &
Classification

- High harm or serious precursor events not meeting reportable criteria
- Multidisciplinary service line teams
- Action planning in real-time or cause analysis team identified
- Classify preventable harm

Cause Analysis



Analysis &
Classification

- Facilitated by Clinical Risk Safety Team
- Lead by Executive Sponsor(s)
- Identify and prioritize all causes

- Accountability dependent on event type
- Both remedial and strong actions are needed

Corrective Action Planning

High-harm/Sentinel event action plans:

- Local & system implementation
- Strength, implementation, & sustainability measured and documented
- Critical for regulatory readiness



Action
Planning



Share Learning

- With involved caregivers
- With affected patients
- System Lessons Learned



Closing the
Loop

Rapid Event Investigation (REI)

A multidisciplinary process initiated
inmediately after a sentinel event
centered in **CARING** for involved
caregivers and creating space for
systematic **LEARNING**

Key Outcomes

- Ensure the care team is safe to continue caring for patients.
- Early support & communication with the patient/family.
- Support for involved caregivers including EAP & Peer Support.
- Identify learning opportunities & coordinate next steps including:
 - ✓ immediate mitigation needs
 - ✓ regulatory readiness
 - ✓ cause analysis coordination
 - ✓ executive sponsor identification

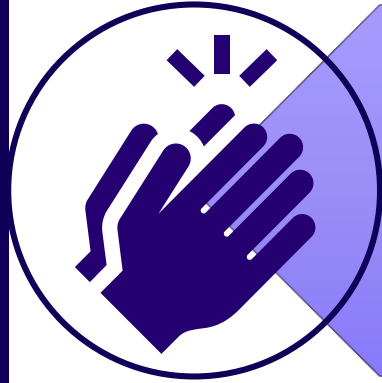
Safety Pause

Caring and Learning Together

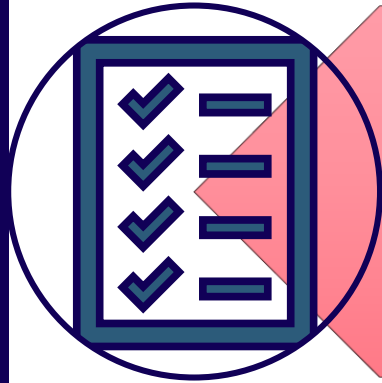


The Safety Pause is an effective way for teams to respond when things don't go the way we intended. A pause can be helpful after any difficult event, for example after the passing of a patient, a caregiver injury, a medication error, or an emotional encounter with an upset family member.

ASKS



Empower & partner with local leaders to act on medication events



Document your event review timely in the event management system

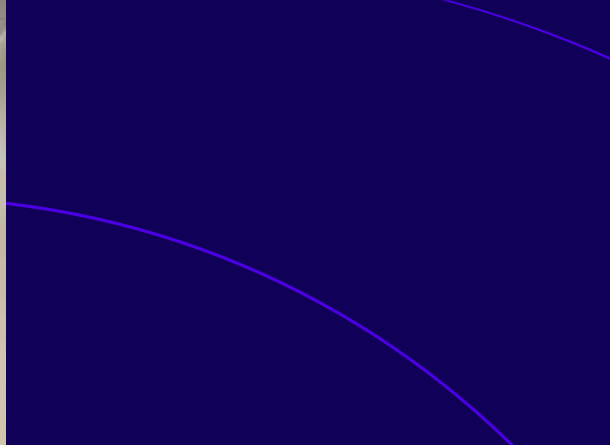
Model Safety Language

“ I have a concern...”

“ Let’s escalate
this to our leader ”

“ Is everyone
comfortable
proceeding? ”

“ Let me ask a
clarifying question...”

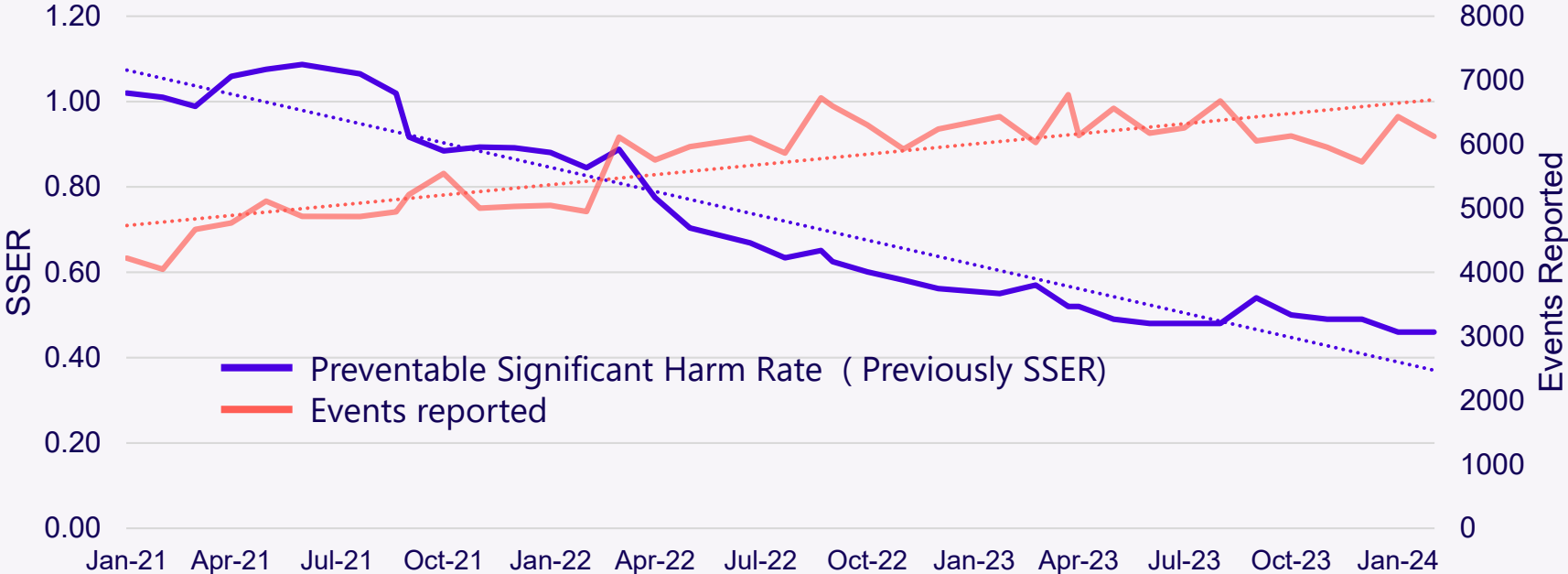


Good Catch Process



Patient Safety: Safety Event and Reporting Trend

Canyons, Desert Regions





We will chase perfection,
and we will chase it relentlessly,
knowing all the while we can never
attain it. But along the way, we
shall *catch excellence*.

-Vince Lombardi